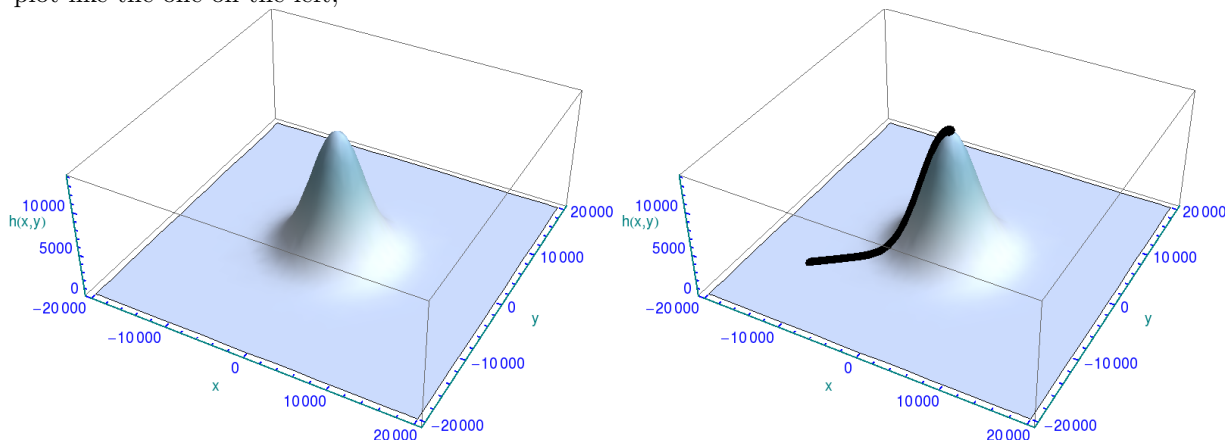


PLEASE READ THE TASKS CAREFULLY!!! **Task 1** (100 extra points)

Consider a mountain surface given by the equation

$$h(x, y) = A \exp[-B(x^2 + y^2)], \quad A = 14200 \text{ ft}, \quad B = \frac{1}{2 \times 10^7} \frac{1}{(\text{ft}^2)}. \quad (1)$$

Here, ft is the unit of foot. Plot $h(x, y)$ over a meaningful range of x and y values. You might obtain a plot like the one on the left,



but you should label the x and y , and z axes with appropriate physical units (which can be given in feet or meters). Then, consider the path

$$\vec{s}(t) = \hat{e}_x s_x(t) + \hat{e}_y s_y(t), \quad s_x(t) = s_{0x} + v_x t, \quad s_y(t) = s_{0y} + v_y t, \\ s_{0x} = s_x(t=0) = -13000 \text{ ft}, \quad s_{0y} = s_y(t=0) = -10000 \text{ ft}, \quad v_x = \frac{13 \text{ ft}}{16 \text{ s}}, \quad v_y = \frac{5 \text{ ft}}{8 \text{ s}}, \quad (2)$$

where s stands for the unit of second. Plot $h(\vec{s}(t))$ over a the range $t \in (0, 16000 \text{ s})$ and overlay the plot with the one obtained above. You might obtain a plot like the one on the right, above, but you should label the x and y , and z axes with appropriate physical units (which can be given in feet or meters).

Show, by an explicit and complete analytic evaluation in terms of the general parameters A , B , s_{0x} and s_{0y} , that

$$\frac{dh(\vec{s}(t))}{dt} = \vec{\nabla} h(\vec{r}) \Big|_{\vec{r}=\vec{s}(t)} \cdot \frac{d\vec{s}(t)}{dt} \quad (3)$$

Show every step and every intermediate result for every single quantity on the left and right-hand sides of the equation! Calculate the integral (numerically!)

$$\int_{t=0}^{t=16000 \text{ s}} dt \frac{dh(\vec{s}(t))}{dt} \approx 14200 \text{ ft} \quad (4)$$

and interpret your result geometrically, looking at the plot. How fast do you reach the summit for the parameters $v_x = 6.5 \text{ ft/s}$ and $v_y = 5 \text{ ft/s}$, for an identical start point of your way up the mountain?

The tasks are due Thursday, 12–SEP–2024. Have fun doing the problems!