

**Task 1** (40 points)

Consider the rotation matrix  $\mathbb{R}(\theta)$  in two dimension and the projector matrix  $\mathbb{P}_x$ ,

$$\mathbb{R}(\theta) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbb{P}_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

Calculate the commutator

$$[\mathbb{R}(\theta), \mathbb{P}_x] = \mathbb{R}(\theta) \cdot \mathbb{P}_x - \mathbb{P}_x \cdot \mathbb{R}(\theta), \quad (2)$$

and interpret the result geometrically.

**Task 2** (40 points)

Consider the matrix representation of a complex number  $z = x + iy$ ,

$$\mathbb{M}(z) = \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{Re} z & -\operatorname{Im} z \\ \operatorname{Im} z & \operatorname{Re} z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & -y \\ y & x \end{pmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

Calculate  $\mathbb{M}(z^{-1})$ , i.e., the matrix representation of the inverse of a complex number, by expression  $z^{-1} = z^*/|z|^2$  in terms of  $x$  and  $y$ , and using Eq. (3). Then, show that

$$\mathbb{M}(z^{-1}) = [\mathbb{M}(z)]^{-1}, \quad (4)$$

i.e., that the matrix representation of the inverse of a complex number  $z$  is equal to the inverse matrix of the matrix representation of  $z$ .

**Task 3** (40 points)

Write a computer symbolic program, in your favorite system, which calculates the matrix product

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = ? \quad (5)$$

and provide a print-out of your program listing. You may use `python` or `julia` or any other programming language of your choice.

**Task 4** (30 points)

Consider the function  $f(z) = f(x + iy) = e^z \cos^2(z) = f_1(x, y) + if_2(x, y)$ . Write the real and imaginary parts of  $f(z)$  (i.e., the functions  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ ) as a function of  $x$  and  $y$ . Show that

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial y} = 0. \quad (6)$$

Interpret your results in terms of the divergence of the vector fields  $f_1 \hat{e}_x - f_2 \hat{e}_y$  and  $f_2 \hat{e}_x + f_1 \hat{e}_y$ .

**Task 5** [\*] (10 extra points)

Challenge: Express  $\cos(3\theta)$  in terms of  $\cos \theta$  and  $\sin \theta$ , your derivation being based on complex numbers.

---

The tasks are due Thursday, 29–AUG–2024.